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## BOERS AGAIN DEFEATED

British Arms Carried to a  
Brilliant Success at  
Elandslaagte.

## FIERCE AND COSTLY BATTLE

BRITISH LOSS ESTIMATED AT 150  
KILLED AND WOUNDED.

The Boer Camp, With Tents, Wagons,  
Horses and Also Two Guns Captured—  
Boer General Killed and Nephew of  
General Joubert Taken—The Boer  
Forces Outflanked—The British Ride  
Through Them Thrice and Inflict  
Heavy Losses.

London, Oct. 22.—The war office this afternoon published the following dispatch to the secretary of state for war, the Marquis of Lansdowne, from the general commanding in Natal, Sir George Stewart White, regarding the engagement of yesterday at Elandslaagte, between Glencoe and Ladysmith, when the British under General French routed the Transvaal forces under General Jan. M. Kock, second in command in the Transvaal army, who was himself wounded and captured and has since died:

"White, commander in Natal, to the secretary of state for war: Filed Ladysmith Oct. 22, 10.30 a. m.—In the action at Elandslaagte yesterday the troops engaged were the following: Cavalry, Fifth Lancers, a squadron of the Fifth Dragoon Guards, the Imperial Light Horse, and two squadrons of Natal carabineers. Artillery, Twenty-first field battery, Forty-second field battery and the Natal field battery, Infantry, the Devonshire regiment, half a battalion of the Gordon Highlanders and the Manchester regiment. The whole force was under General French with Colonel Ian Hamilton commanding the infantry.

"I was present in person from 3.30 p. m. to 6.30 p. m., but did not assume direction of the fight, which was left in the hands of General French. Although desultory fighting took place earlier in the day while reinforcements, sent out later on, were ascertaining the enemy's strength, the real action did not begin until 3.30 p. m. At that hour the Boers held a position of very exceptional strength, consisting of a rock hill about a mile and a half southeast of Elandslaagte station.

"At 3.30 p. m. guns took a position on a ridge 4,000 yards from the Boers, whose guns at once opened fire. This fire was generally well directed, but somewhat high. Contrary to previous experiences their shells burst well.

"The Imperial Light Horse moved towards the left of the enemy's position and two squadrons of the Fifth Lancers toward his right. During the artillery duel mounted Boers pushed out from their left and engaged the Imperial Light Horse. In a few minutes the enemy's guns ceased firing, and our artillery was turned on the mounted Boers, who opposed the Imperial Light Horse, who at once fell back. After the artillery preparations, our infantry advanced to the attack, supported by our guns and second position. The Devonshires held the enemy in front, while the Lancashire men and the Gordon Highlanders turned his left flank. The Boer guns, although often temporarily silenced, invariably opened fire again on the slightest opportunity and were served with great courage. After a severe firing our infantry carried the position. At 6.30 p. m. this was accomplished, the enemy standing his ground to the last with courage and tenacity. The Fifth Lancers and a squadron of the Fifth Dragoon Guards charged thrice through the retreating Boers in the dark, doing considerable execution.

"We captured the Boer camp, with tents, wagons, horses and also two guns. The Boer losses were very considerable, including a number of wounded and unwounded prisoners. Among the former are General Jan Kock and Piet Joubert, nephew of Commandant General Joubert.

"Our goods train, with supplies for Glencoe camp, and nine English prisoners were recovered. Our loss, I regret to say, was heavy. It is roughly computed at 150 killed and wounded.

"The collection of the wounded over a large area in the dark and the arrangements for sending them in have thus far occupied our time and attention. A full list will go to you later.

"Our wounded and those of the enemy are now arriving by trains. Besides Boers, we have many Hollanders, Germans and prisoners of mixed nationalities. The behavior of our troops and of the colonial forces was admirable."

## DETAILS OF THE BATTLE.

Wonderful Courage Shown by the  
Troops of Both Sides.

Ladysmith, Oct. 22.—Realizing that the first attack on Glencoe was part of a general combined attack by three columns and that the situation was still serious so long as the Boers held the railroad at Elandslaagte, severing communication between Ladysmith and Dundee, Sir George Stewart White on Saturday resolved to give battle with a view of recapturing Elandslaagte. On the morning of that day all the mounted troops here, supported by two battalions of infantry and two batteries of artillery, reconnoitred some twelve miles along the Newcastle road, an

open, rolling country, very suitable to cavalry operations, although the going was heavy after the recent rains. At an early hour our force moved out by road and rail. It was computed that there were about 1,200 Boers with big guns and Maxims covering their front and occupying a well chosen position at the base of a sugar-loaf-shaped hill, some distance south of Elandslaagte. On both flanks were strong kopjes, on which were three big guns strongly posted and commanding a wide sweep on all sides, leaving an opening for retreat.

A British armored train, supported by two train loads of infantry, immediately on approaching the enemy's position was shelled by the Boers. Our artillery was at once brought up and drove the Boers from their guns, making a series of brilliant dashes into the valley and up the successive heights to get nearer the Boer main position. Thrice were the Boer batteries on the way silenced by our artillery, although the Boers fought with great pluck and determination, returning each time our guns moved and raining shrapnel and Maxim bullets against our advance. At 4 o'clock a tremendous artillery duel was in progress. Two Boer guns splendidly placed were stubbornly fought for two hours and a quarter, while mounted Boers endeavored to come into contact with our men on the left and on the right.

Then, at 6.15 p. m., the Devonshire regiment, half the Gordon Highlanders, half the Manchester regiment and the Imperial Light Horse advanced on the position and stormed the enemy's front. A bayonet charge was sounded as the roar of artillery on both sides suddenly ceased and our men, the Devonshires leading, made a superb dash against the main body of the Boers, facing a terrible fire. Twice were they checked by the fusillade. Once the advance quivered for a moment, but that then with ringing, rousing cheers the whole of our force hurled itself forward like an avalanche and swept over the kopjes, bayoneting the broken enemy in all directions. The Boers were overwhelmed and astounded. They paused, then retreated, then raised the white flag and surrendered. Two or three hundred broke and ran, pursued by the Fifth Lancers who charged through and through them.

It was quite dark by this time, but the slaughter must have been great. The Gordon Highlanders say the storming of Dargal Ridge was mere child's play as compared with this attack. The Boer loss must have been very heavy. The best estimates place it at about 400 killed. One of the captured Boers told me that if he had known that English soldiers could shoot as our men did, he would never have come. Another Boer said he knew he was fighting for a lost cause. Yet a third expressed surprise that he had to shoot at men wearing khaki. He was terribly dejected. He had been told to shoot at men with red coats and white collars, and he saw none. His impression seemed to be that the men who fought against him were not Englishmen. A heavy rain, heavier than any I had ever seen, fell immediately after the battle, making a piteous scene on the battlefield, where many wounded were lying.

The Devonshire men captured three Boer flags. General De Meillon of Johannesburg was taken prisoner. It is reported that Piet Joubert, who was wounded and captured, has succumbed to his wounds. A bugler boy of the Fifth Lancers, only fourteen years of age, shot three Boers with his revolver. On returning here after the fight he was carried around the camp. Everybody testifies to the splendid fighting and stubborn bravery of the Boers, but this tribute requires some qualification as I have learned to-day that, while the Gordon Highlanders were bringing in the wounded last night, a sharp fire was opened on them by some Boer parties in hiding. Our losses, considering the desperate nature of the engagement, are regarded as light.

## BRILLIANT FEAT OF ARMS.

Details from Cape Town About the  
Elandslaagte Battle.

Cape Town, Oct. 22.—Despatches received from the front regarding the capture of Elandslaagte show it to have been a brilliant feat of arms. The Boers were strongly entrenched, and fought with their wonted bravery. They seized every opportunity of coming into action and ran to serve their guns whenever they could get a chance. The British wounded are now being taken to Ladysmith. Every attention is also being given to the Boer wounded, who are being dispatched down the country.

Cape Town, Oct. 22, 6.30 p. m.—The following additional details from official sources are at hand regarding the battle yesterday at Elandslaagte:

The Boers, although driven from their guns, returned again and again whenever an opportunity occurred. The high ground near the left of the enemy's position was occupied at the commencement of the action, the British creeping along the crest and making a wide circuit. The infantry attack was directed against the right of the enemy's position, the British coming quickly into contact with the Boers, who at that point occupied a strong footing, which they held resolutely until a flank attack was made by our troops, who advanced with great dash and in spite of heavy losses, carried the main position with a rush just as the light was falling.

The ground traversed by our troops was rough and stony and the capture of the position was a fine feat of arms. The cavalry lapped well around and inflicted severe loss upon the enemy. It was highly important to strike a severe blow, as the Orange Free State forces are to be concentrated northwest of Ladysmith in considerable strength. The flank attack was gallantly made by the Lancashire regiment, the Gordon Highlanders and the Imperial Light Horse. The front attack was made with splendid spirit by the Devonshire regiment. The wounded are being attended in the principal church at Ladysmith, which has been converted into a hospital.

## BOERS RE-ATTACK GLENCOE

THE MAIN NORTHERN COLUMN DE-  
SCENDS ON BRITISH CAMP.

General Joubert in Command—British  
Forces Entrenched in a Good Position—  
Situation Not Fully Clear—A Late  
Dispatch Says the Boers Are Also Shelling  
Dundee at Long Range.

Glencoe Camp, Oct. 22.—Heavy firing  
is now in progress to the northwest of  
this camp.

Cape Town, Oct. 21—10 p. m.—It is reported here from Glencoe that the Boer force under Commandant General Joubert has attacked or is about to attack the British entrenched position at Glencoe.

Cape Town, Oct. 22—3 p. m.—It is now definitely known that Glencoe was attacked yesterday by the Boer main northern column. Our forces are entrenched in a good position. The situation there is not yet fully cleared up.

10 p. m.—A dispatch just arrived announcing that the Boers are shelling Dundee, east of Glencoe, at long range, but that their fire is ineffective.

London, Oct. 22.—According to a special dispatch from Glencoe Camp, the British cavalry while pursuing the defeated Boers were engaged by a strong force of the enemy on the main north road. Firing is now in progress.

Cape Town, Oct. 22.—It is said that the railroad between Ladysmith and Glencoe has been repaired.

## FEELING IN LONDON.

Crowds About War Office—General  
Symons' Condition in Doubt.

London, Oct. 22.—The vicinity of the war office was crowded all day by anxious inquiries for the latest information. The greatest anxiety and suspense existed regarding the losses at Elandslaagte. Among the callers at the war office were Lord Chief Justice of Ireland Sir Peter O'Brien, Baron MacNaughton, Lord Stanley, Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, Mrs. Hammersley, whose husband was wounded at Glencoe, Joseph Chamberlain, Arthur J. Balfour and Lady Randolph Churchill, and other well known society women. Typewritten copies of the reports of General Sir George Stewart White were posted on bulletin boards or read to the crowds amid enthusiasm while the additions to the list of killed and wounded at Glencoe were received with manifestations of great sympathy.

The stream of callers at the war office showed little diminution as the evening advanced. Everybody was gratified to read the kindly message from the queen and disappointed at the absence of news from Glencoe, many arguing that communication must be cut off as otherwise there would be at least some further intelligence as to the condition of General Symons, who, according to an unconfirmed report, succumbed yesterday to his wounds. The transports of the London district for forty-eight hours seriously impeding the embarkation of troops. It is expected that they will leave to-morrow.

## SURRENDERED TO BOERS.

Cape Town, Oct. 22.—It is rumored  
here this morning that Barkley West,  
northwest of Kimberley, has been  
surrendered to the Boers without firing  
a shot. Cape volunteers, it is reported,  
will be sent to relieve Kimberley.

## MEDICAL CORPS OF NAVY.

Strong Recommendation by Surgeon  
General That It Be Increased.

Washington, Oct. 22.—The strongest recommendation in the annual report of Surgeon General Van Rypen, just made public, is that relating to an increase of the medical corps of the navy. He points out that while there has been a steady increase in the enlisted force of the navy for the past two years, and while the marine corps has been swelled by the addition of 3,000 men there has been no suitable provision made for a corresponding increase in the medical corps, which is charged with the care of the health of these men. Every surgeon who is not sick is said to be on duty and the department has been unable to supply surgeons for needed recruiting and other duties. Therefore the surgeon general recommends that the corps be increased five surgeons and twenty assistant surgeons and five volunteer surgeons, who served in the war and are now in service be transferred to the regular rolls, the age limitation to be removed in their cases. There are eighteen of these men and in some cases they are over thirty years of age. It is also earnestly urged that the naval assistant surgeons be placed on an equality with those of the army in pay and rank. At present the army can get all the medical assistance it needs while the navy can get scarcely any surgeons to serve.

## ENTHUSIASM IN CAPE TOWN.

News of Elandslaagte Victory Causes  
Great Joy.

Cape Town, Oct. 22.—The news of General French's victory at Elandslaagte has just been published here. It caused great enthusiasm. The newspapers were quickly on the streets with special editions and the people left the churches in order to get the details of the fighting.

## THE BATTLE AT MAFeking.

Report from Col. Baden-Powell Says 53  
Killed, 200 Wounded.

Cape Town, Oct. 22.—A message received from Colonel Baden-Powell, in command at Mafeking, dated October 15, says that fifty-three Boers were killed and a large number wounded in the encounter with his force.

## THE EXPLOSION AT MAFeking.

Cape Town, Oct. 22.—It is believed that the explosion of dynamite at Mafeking, so cleverly arranged by Colonel Baden-Powell, resulted in very large losses to the Boers, so that it is quite probable that General Krombein will not resume the attack and will perhaps retire altogether. Schiel, a former German officer, who was leading a section

of the Boers in the engagement at Elandslaagte, was taken prisoner.

## RECHUINALAND SAFE AS YET.

No General Incursion Reported—Leak-  
age of Colonial News.

London, Oct. 22.—The latest dispatches received to-day do not indicate any general incursion of Boers as yet into Bechuanaland. Along the Orange river everything seems to be quiet. From Coleburg, Cape Colony, it is reported that all the available burghers of the Orange Free State have been sent north and west. On the other hand, a messenger from Allval north reports that a large body of Boers is advancing toward the Orange river. Refugees are leaving that town in great numbers daily. The Boers have mounted a Krupp gun on a bridge commanding the most thickly populated part.

Advice from Cape Town says that a wholesale fear of a rising in Basutoland prevents the Boers invading Cape Colony, and that on the other hand there is considerable excitement at Maseru and other Basuto stations, arising from native apprehensions of Boer attacks. It appears that colonial news is in some mysterious way supplied to the Boers and that their movements depend largely on intelligence communicated through natives. There is disquieting information from Herschel and other points in Cape Colony where the natives are much excited.

## TROOPS LEAVE LONDON.

Last Battalions of Coldstream—Fund  
for Refugees Reaches £125,000.

London, Oct. 22.—The departure of the last battalions of the Coldstream Guards from Waterloo station to-day was witnessed by great crowds, although the fog was so dense that the troops could scarcely be distinguished from the sidewalks. Although the fund opened by the lord mayor, Sir John Voce Moore, for the Transvaal refugees has already reached £125,000, his royal highness, the Prince of Wales, and his royal highness, the Duke of Cambridge, chairman of the patriotic relief fund, have addressed petitions to the lord mayor to open a new fund for the widows and orphans of heroes of the war. This will be opened to-morrow.

## MESSAGE FROM QUEEN.

Heart Bleds for British Losses—Sympathy  
With Relatives.

London, Oct. 22.—The secretary of state for war, the Marquis of Lansdowne, has received the following message from the queen, dated Sunday at Balmoral Castle:

"My heart bleeds for these dreadful losses again to-day. It is a great success, but, I fear, very dearly bought. Would you convey my warmest and heartfelt sympathy with the near relations of the fallen and wounded and my admiration of the conduct of those they have lost? (Signed) V. R. L."

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## THE FILIPINO PEACE ENVOYS

GROUNDS UPON WHICH OTIS RE-  
FUSES TO SEE THEM.

Suggested Propositions Are Vague, In-  
definite and Unmilitary—The Ameri-  
cans Must Continue to Decline to Re-  
ceive Any Representative of So-Called  
Filipino Government.

Manila, Oct. 23, 8.50 a. m.—General Otis has replied to the three insurgent officers who entered Angeles last Friday with a request made through General MacArthur for permission for a Filipino commission, headed by a Filipino major general, to visit General Otis in order to discuss peace terms and to arrange for the delivery of more American prisoners, that the desired interview cannot be granted because the suggested propositions of the Filipinos are vague, indefinite and unmilitary, and because the Americans must continue to decline to receive any representative of the so-called Filipino government.

An American officer was killed and two men were wounded by the Filipinos in an attack on a launch with General Lawton's expedition, in the Rio Chiquita, near San Isidro. The rebels fired volleys from the shore.

## GENERAL HOWARD'S SON DEAD.

Killed in Action in the Philippines—  
Family in Denver.

Omaha, Oct. 22.—A cable dispatch was received here to-day announcing the death in the Philippines on Saturday of Major Guy Howard, son of General O. O. Howard. The cablegram, dated Saturday, was received by Judge J. M. Woolworth, father-in-law of Major Howard, and read as follows: "Guy Howard killed in action to-day." Major Howard was well known in Omaha, being on his father's staff when the latter was stationed here. He was married in this city fifteen years ago to Miss Woolworth. Mrs. Howard resides here with her three children.

## GEN. FUNSTON ACCEPTS.

To Return to the Philippines as a  
Brigadier-General.

San Francisco, Oct. 22.—Brigadier-General Funston to-day wired the war department his acceptance of the appointment of brigadier-general in the newly-formed volunteer service. General Funston will return to Kansas with the Kansas volunteers, who will be mustered out on October 28. He will then report at Washington for duty in the Philippines.

## NEW METHODIST CHURCH.

A Handsome Brick Edifice at Yaleville  
Dedicated.

Meriden, Oct. 22.—The new Methodist church at Yaleville, a handsome brick edifice, was dedicated to-day with appropriate exercises. The services both afternoon and evening were largely attended and Rev. Dr. George Mains, D. D., of New York, who preached twice during the day, raised \$1,200, which was sufficient to clear all indebtedness on the church. Rev. F. R. Tower of Southport, through whose efforts the society was formed thirty years ago, had charge of the dedication and he was assisted by Rev. E. R. Perkins of the Yaleville Baptist church and Rev. A. R. Mead of Meriden. Presiding Elder J. E. Adams of New Haven preached the dedicatory sermon. Rev. F. W. Adams is the present pastor of the church.

## STABBING AFFRAY IN DANBURY.

Young Man Dangerously Wounded by  
an Italian.

Danbury, Oct. 22.—A young man named Leroy Hitt, was seriously stabbed by Jesse Gallo, an Italian, late Saturday night, and it narrowly missed being a murder. There has been a falling out between the men and according to Hitt's version, he was walking along White street, when the Italian came up behind him and slashed him in the neck. He received another wound in the forehead and the Italian made two more lunges, which Hitt escaped, and the would-be murderer then fled.

## JOHN M. SPRING DEAD.

For Forty-Five Years With Corbin  
Company of New Britain.

New Britain, Oct. 22.—John M. Spring, who for forty-five years had been connected with the P. & F. Corbin Manufacturing company and for over thirty years superintendent, died at his home on Maple street this morning, aged sixty-eight years. He was stricken with paralysis about three years ago and had been practically an invalid since that time. He leaves a widow and one daughter.

## CENTRAL VERMONT'S TROUBLES.

Indications Point to an Ultimatum by  
Telegraph Operators.

St. Albans, Vt., Oct. 22.—The situation as to trouble between the Central Vermont railroad management and its employees remains unchanged, with the indications more pronounced towards an ultimatum from the telegraph operators. The telegraphers make the claim that if General Manager Fitzhugh declines to recognize the telegraphers' committee the differences will be referred to the grand officers of the order and possibly to the American Federation of the employees.

## PARNELL MONUMENT SCHEME.

Meeting in New York—Dublin's Mayor  
Present—\$10,000 Collected.

New York, Oct. 22.—The movement for a monument to the late Charles Stewart Parnell, in which the lord mayor of Dublin and John E. Redmond, M. P., have come from Ireland to interest Americans, was given great impetus to-night at a largely attended meeting in the Academy of Music. Almost every Irishman of local prominence was present, including Richard Croker, former Mayor Patrick Gleason of Long Island city, Robert Temple Emmet, Corporation Counsel Whalen, Judge Morgan J. O'Brien and O'Donovan Rossa. Judge O'Brien presided over the meeting. In the way of decorations, over the proscenium were the colors of the South African republic, the Orange Free State allies now engaging Great Britain in war; the green flag of Ireland and the colors of the city of Limerick. The boxes were draped in the American and Irish flags.

The lord mayor and Mr. Redmond were escorted from their headquarters in the Hoffman house to the Academy of Music by the new fund committee and by the officers of the First and Second regiments of Irish volunteers of New York. In opening the meeting Judge O'Brien said:

"We have assembled to-night to give welcome to men who came among us to raise funds for the erection of a monument which shall perpetuate the name and fame of Charles Stewart Parnell. Parnell worked and fought for the whole Irish people. There was no distinction as to creed. Therefore, without reference to religion here, all can unite in doing honor to his memory."

The audience received the names of the distinguished visitors by standing up and cheering for some moments. As the cheering began to subside some one called out, "Hurrah for Oom Paul." The sentiment was a popular one among the audience, and the old Boer's name was cheered again and again.

Baskets were then circulated and it is estimated that over \$10,000 was collected. Twenty thousand dollars will, it is said, buy the Parnell homestead, Richard Croker gave \$500, Bourke Cockran \$500, and Mayor Van Wyck \$100. Former Assistant Secretary of the Navy William McAdoo of New Jersey was introduced as the last speaker of the meeting. He said that the "eloquent baskets" were the best response to the eloquence of those who had spoken. "Sad would be the condition of Ireland," he continued after a tribute to the genius of Parnell, "if this God given man should not be recognized and remembered deep down in the hearts of the people as a hero for whom we cannot do too much to perpetuate his memory and principles."

## HOME FROM THE PHILIPPINES.

The Fifty-First Iowa Regiment Num-  
bering 764 Men—Escaped Typhoon.

San Francisco, Oct. 22.—The Fifty-first Iowa regiment of volunteers, numbering 764 men and forty-six officers, under the command of Colonel J. C. Loper, arrived here to-day from Manila on the transport Senator. There was no sickness aboard. Edward Kissick, Company F, of Oskaloosa, Ia., died at Nagasaki of dysentery. Three days out from Nagasaki Edwin Statler, Company M, and H. A. Reed, Company A, were injured by the breaking of the after rail, which fell on them. Statler's leg was broken and Reed sustained a fracture of the skull. Both men are doing well. The Senator missed the typhoon which the Empress of India encountered by taking a southern course. Adjutant-General Byers and three hundred citizens of Iowa met the Senator at the Golden Gate in a number of tugs. The regiment will be taken off the transport to-morrow.

## KILLED NEAR WATERBURY.

B. W. Osborn, Aged Sixty, Struck by a  
Special Train.

Waterbury, Oct. 22.—Bela W. Osborn, aged sixty, was instantly killed this afternoon at a grade crossing on the Watertown branch. The accident occurred at Brown's station, about a mile from this city. A special with a number of Odd Fellows that attended the funeral of Hon. Owen Brown King was returning from Watertown to this city and Osborn rushed in front of the train to signal it to stop and did not heed the engineer's warnings. He was struck and thrown about fifteen feet. His neck was broken and the body was mangled considerably. A sad feature in connection with the accident was that Osborn was returning home after having been out endeavoring to secure a nurse for his invalid wife. He had been employed as a driver for the Watertown Brass company.

## SHOT WHILE HUNTING.

Young Willimantic Man Accidentally  
Injured by a Companion.

Willimantic, Oct. 22.—Frank Berlinger, aged eighteen years, was accidentally shot while hunting in the woods near the Hop River station, about three miles west of here, this afternoon. The bullet lodged in his abdomen, but unless complications develop it is thought the wound will not prove fatal. There were six boys in the party and all were seated on the ground when Albert Anther, aged nineteen years, picked up a 22-calibre rifle belonging to another member of the party and was examining it, when it was discharged and Berlinger was struck. After the accident the boys improvised a litter and carried their companion about a mile and a half to the road, when a passing team was met and the wounded boy was taken to his home. The doctors probed for the bullet unsuccessfully.

## \$10,000 FOR THE HOSPITAL

A HANDSOME AND TIMELY GIFT  
JUST BESTOWED.

E. Hayes Trowbridge and Mrs. Ezekiel  
Trowbridge the Donors—This Gift  
Enables the Hospital Management to  
Complete the New Maternity Hospital  
Building Now in Progress.

The New Haven hospital is rejoicing over a most welcome and much needed gift of \$10,000, an amount which was imperatively required to complete the new maternity hospital building which is in process of erection on the hospital grounds. The cost of the building will be \$30,000. Of this sum the \$20,000 had been provided for to a certainty, but the remainder was lacking and with the hundred other ways for money absolutely necessary in the running of so large and beneficent an institution the management were much puzzled. The news of this gift of \$10,000 was, therefore, most welcome indeed and was most joyfully received. The gift of \$10,000 is the joint donation of our townsman, E. Hayes Trowbridge, and of his mother, Mrs. Ezekiel H. Trowbridge, and it is a gift which was wholly spontaneous and un solicited and the outcome of a desire to assist a noted and most useful New Haven institution, which is greatly in need of funds, as half of its work is an unadulterated, charitable and benevolent work; from fully one-half of the patients and cases treated at the institution, no revenue whatever being received. The management can now go right on with the work at the maternity building and hope now to have it completed by early spring. The hospital management feel greatly indebted to the kind donors of this handsome and timely gift. It was entirely by chance that Mr. Trowbridge became aware that the hospital was in need of funds to complete the building. Ex-Lieutenant Governor S. E. Merwin, president of the hospital, and President Eli Whitney of the New Haven Water company happened to meet a short time ago on Chapel street and fell into conversation about the immediate and pressing need of more money with which to complete the erection of the maternity hospital. Mr. Whitney is chairman of the building committee. E. Hayes Trowbridge coming along at that time joined the two above named gentlemen and enquired what they had on their minds, or words to that effect. He was told what the subject of conversation was, and nothing more was said on the subject and the three turned to other topics. In a day or two, however, General Merwin received a request from Mr. Trowbridge to call at his office when convenient. General Merwin responded and at Mr. Trowbridge's request information about the hospital and particularly its new building was given to Mr. Trowbridge. A few days later the hospital management secured the most gratifying announcement of the gift. The new building, as all who have passed by the hospital grounds of late, have seen is of handsome proportions and a great credit to the institution, and when completed and in operation it will meet a want long felt, enabling the hospital to extend further its charitable and beneficent work, while at the same time as regards patients who are able to pay for services rendered, it will prove to some extent a source of much needed revenue.

The deceased was a native of Pomfret and was seventy-eight years old. He came to Norwich in 1835 and started a fine learning the drug business and in the course of time became the junior partner in the firm of Lee & Osgood. His firm name is still retained although Mr. Osgood had been the sole member of the firm for a number of years and developed it into an extensive wholesale, as well as retail, establishment. He held the office of mayor for a number of years, but since his retirement in 1886 he held no public office except that of treasurer of the Central school district, which office he held up to his death. Despite his somewhat advanced years he was active in a number of manufacturing companies, being president of six and a director in fully a dozen. He was without exception one of the most active citizens of Norwich and his judgment was sought on many occasions. For a half a century he had been a factor in the city's business life. During the civil war he was an aide on Governor Buckingham's staff and proved himself such in every sense of the word. He was a thirty-second degree mason. A widow and one sister survive him.

## SUNK OFF ST. JOHNS.

The Steamer Phoenix—Crew of Eight  
Rescued.

St. Johns, Oct. 22.—The steamer Phoenix, Captain Martin, from Labrador with two hundred quintals of codfish, struck a rock off this harbor last night and sank almost immediately. Her crew of eight men scaled a precipice 500 feet high, but could not reach the summit of the hill beyond and remained exposed to the storm all night, not being rescued until this morning.

## SUPPER IN HONOR OF LIPTON.

New York, Oct. 22.—Sir Thomas Lipton has accepted an invitation from the Transportation to a luncheon to be given in his honor on Tuesday, October 24. Senator Chauncey M. Depew, president of the club, will preside.